

Integration of Exponential Functions

W-up: Differentiate each function:

$$A) f(x) = e^{3x^2+1}$$

$$B) f(x) = 5^{\ln x}$$

Integrating base "e" exponentials

$$\int e^u du = e^u + C$$

When integrating exponentials, generally let u = the exponent **OR** the exponential expression in the denominator (especially when used as an expression in a binomial)

$$\text{EX) } \int e^{3x+1} dx$$

$$\text{EX) } \int \frac{e^{x-1}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\text{EX) } \int \frac{e^{2x}}{1+e^{2x}} dx$$

Integrating NON- base "e" exponentials

$$\int b^u du = \frac{b^u}{\ln b} + C$$

$$\text{EX) } \int 4^{-x} dx$$

$$\text{EX) } \int 2^{\sin x} \cos x dx$$