

$$35. S(4) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)} + \sqrt{\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)} + \sqrt{1\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)} = \frac{1 + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} + 2}{8} \approx 0.768$$

$$s(4) = 0\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)} + \sqrt{\frac{3}{4}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)} = \frac{1 + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{8} \approx 0.518$$

$$36. S(8) = \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} + 1\right)\frac{1}{4} + \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} + 1\right)\frac{1}{4} + \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{4}} + 1\right)\frac{1}{4} + (\sqrt{1} + 1)\frac{1}{4} \\ + \left(\sqrt{\frac{5}{4}} + 1\right)\frac{1}{4} + \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} + 1\right)\frac{1}{4} + \left(\sqrt{\frac{7}{4}} + 1\right)\frac{1}{4} + (\sqrt{2} + 1)\frac{1}{4} \\ = \frac{1}{4}\left(8 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + 1 + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{7}}{2} + \sqrt{2}\right) \approx 4.038$$

$$s(8) = (0 + 1)\frac{1}{4} + \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} + 1\right)\frac{1}{4} + \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} + 1\right)\frac{1}{4} + \cdots + \left(\sqrt{\frac{7}{4}} + 1\right)\frac{1}{4} \approx 3.685$$

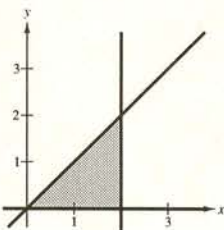
$$37. S(5) = 1\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \frac{1}{6/5}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \frac{1}{7/5}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \frac{1}{8/5}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \frac{1}{9/5}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{9} \approx 0.746$$

$$s(5) = \frac{1}{6/5}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \frac{1}{7/5}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \frac{1}{8/5}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \frac{1}{9/5}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) = \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{10} \approx 0.646$$

$$38. S(5) = 1\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^2}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^2}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) \\ = \frac{1}{5}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{24}}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{21}}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{16}}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{9}}{5}\right] \approx 0.859$$

$$s(5) = \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^2}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^2}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2}\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) + 0 \approx 0.659$$

39. (a)



$$(b) \Delta x = \frac{2 - 0}{n} = \frac{2}{n}$$

Endpoints:

$$0 < 1\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) < 2\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) < \cdots < (n-1)\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) < n\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) = 2$$

(c) Since $y = x$ is increasing, $f(m_i) = f(x_{i-1})$ on $[x_{i-1}, x_i]$.

$$s(n) = \sum_{i=1}^n f(x_{i-1}) \Delta x \\ = \sum_{i=1}^n f\left(\frac{2i-2}{n}\right)\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[(i-1)\left(\frac{2}{n}\right)\right]\left(\frac{2}{n}\right)$$

(d) $f(M_i) = f(x_i)$ on $[x_{i-1}, x_i]$

$$S(n) = \sum_{i=1}^n f(x_i) \Delta x = \sum_{i=1}^n f\left(\frac{2i}{n}\right)\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[i\left(\frac{2}{n}\right)\right]\left(\frac{2}{n}\right)$$

x	5	10	50	100
$s(n)$	1.6	1.8	1.96	1.98
$S(n)$	2.4	2.2	2.04	2.02

$$(e) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \left[(i-1)\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) \right] \left(\frac{2}{n}\right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^n (i-1) \\ = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4}{n^2} \left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2} - n \right] \\ = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{2(n+1)}{n} - \frac{4}{n} \right] = 2$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \left[i\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) \right] \left(\frac{2}{n}\right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^n i \\ = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{4}{n^2} \right) \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \\ = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2(n+1)}{n} = 2$$

51. $f(x) = x^2 + 3, 0 \leq x \leq 2, n = 4$

Let $c_i = \frac{x_i + x_{i-1}}{2}$.

$$\Delta x = \frac{1}{2}, c_1 = \frac{1}{4}, c_2 = \frac{3}{4}, c_3 = \frac{5}{4}, c_4 = \frac{7}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &\approx \sum_{i=1}^n f(c_i) \Delta x = \sum_{i=1}^4 [c_i^2 + 3] \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\frac{1}{16} + 3\right) + \left(\frac{9}{16} + 3\right) + \left(\frac{25}{16} + 3\right) + \left(\frac{49}{16} + 3\right) \right] \\ &= \frac{69}{8} \end{aligned}$$

52. $f(x) = x^2 + 4x, 0 \leq x \leq 4, n = 4$

Let $c_i = \frac{x_i + x_{i-1}}{2}$.

$$\Delta x = 1, c_1 = \frac{1}{2}, c_2 = \frac{3}{2}, c_3 = \frac{5}{2}, c_4 = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &\approx \sum_{i=1}^n f(c_i) \Delta x = \sum_{i=1}^4 [c_i^2 + 4c_i](1) \\ &= \left[\left(\frac{1}{4} + 2\right) + \left(\frac{9}{4} + 6\right) + \left(\frac{25}{4} + 10\right) + \left(\frac{49}{4} + 14\right) \right] \\ &= 53 \end{aligned}$$

53. $f(x) = \tan x, 0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{4}, n = 4$

Let $c_i = \frac{x_i + x_{i-1}}{2}$.

$$\Delta x = \frac{\pi}{16}, c_1 = \frac{\pi}{32}, c_2 = \frac{3\pi}{32}, c_3 = \frac{5\pi}{32}, c_4 = \frac{7\pi}{32}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &\approx \sum_{i=1}^n f(c_i) \Delta x = \sum_{i=1}^4 (\tan c_i) \left(\frac{\pi}{16}\right) \\ &= \frac{\pi}{16} \left(\tan \frac{\pi}{32} + \tan \frac{3\pi}{32} + \tan \frac{5\pi}{32} + \tan \frac{7\pi}{32} \right) \approx 0.345 \end{aligned}$$

54. $f(x) = \sin x, 0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}, n = 4$

Let $c_i = \frac{x_i + x_{i-1}}{2}$.

$$\Delta x = \frac{\pi}{8}, c_1 = \frac{\pi}{16}, c_2 = \frac{3\pi}{16}, c_3 = \frac{5\pi}{16}, c_4 = \frac{7\pi}{16}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &\approx \sum_{i=1}^n f(c_i) \Delta x = \sum_{i=1}^4 (\sin c_i) \left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) \\ &= \frac{\pi}{8} \left(\sin \frac{\pi}{16} + \sin \frac{3\pi}{16} + \sin \frac{5\pi}{16} + \sin \frac{7\pi}{16} \right) \approx 1.006 \end{aligned}$$

55. $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ on $[0, 4]$.

n	4	8	12	16	20
Approximate area	5.3838	5.3523	5.3439	5.3403	5.3384

(Exact value is $16/3$)

56. $f(x) = \frac{8}{x^2 + 1}$ on $[2, 6]$.

n	4	8	12	16	20
Approximate area	2.3397	2.3755	2.3824	2.3848	2.3860

57. $f(x) = \tan\left(\frac{\pi x}{8}\right)$ on $[1, 3]$.

n	4	8	12	16	20
Approximate area	2.2223	2.2387	2.2418	2.2430	2.2435

58. $f(x) = \cos\sqrt{x}$ on $[0, 2]$.

n	4	8	12	16	20
Approximate area	1.1041	1.1053	1.1055	1.1056	1.1056

1. Exact: $\int_0^2 x^2 dx = \left[\frac{1}{3}x^3\right]_0^2 = \frac{8}{3} \approx 2.6667$

Trapezoidal: $\int_0^2 x^2 dx \approx \frac{1}{4}\left[0 + 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + 2(1)^2 + 2\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 + (2)^2\right] = \frac{11}{4} = 2.7500$

Simpson's: $\int_0^2 x^2 dx \approx \frac{1}{6}\left[0 + 4\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + 2(1)^2 + 4\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 + (2)^2\right] = \frac{8}{3} \approx 2.6667$

2. Exact: $\int_0^1 \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + 1\right) dx = \left[\frac{x^3}{6} + x\right]_0^1 = \frac{7}{6} \approx 1.1667$

Trapezoidal: $\int_0^1 \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + 1\right) dx \approx \frac{1}{8}\left[1 + 2\left(\frac{(1/4)^2}{2} + 1\right) + 2\left(\frac{(1/2)^2}{2} + 1\right) + 2\left(\frac{(3/4)^2}{2} + 1\right) + \left(\frac{1^2}{2} + 1\right)\right] = \frac{75}{64} \approx 1.1719$

Simpson's: $\int_0^1 \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + 1\right) dx \approx \frac{1}{12}\left[1 + 4\left(\frac{(1/4)^2}{2} + 1\right) + 2\left(\frac{(1/2)^2}{2} + 1\right) + 4\left(\frac{(3/4)^2}{2} + 1\right) + \left(\frac{1^2}{2} + 1\right)\right] = \frac{7}{6} \approx 1.1667$

3. Exact: $\int_0^2 x^3 dx = \left[\frac{x^4}{4}\right]_0^2 = 4.0000$

Trapezoidal: $\int_0^2 x^3 dx \approx \frac{1}{4}\left[0 + 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 + 2(1)^3 + 2\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^3 + (2)^3\right] = \frac{17}{4} = 4.2500$

Simpson's: $\int_0^2 x^3 dx \approx \frac{1}{6}\left[0 + 4\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 + 2(1)^3 + 4\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^3 + (2)^3\right] = \frac{24}{6} = 4.0000$

4. Exact: $\int_1^2 \frac{1}{x^2} dx = \left[\frac{-1}{x}\right]_1^2 = 0.5000$

Trapezoidal: $\int_1^2 \frac{1}{x^2} dx \approx \frac{1}{8}\left[1 + 2\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2 + 2\left(\frac{4}{6}\right)^2 + 2\left(\frac{4}{7}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{4}\right] \approx 0.5090$

Simpson's: $\int_1^2 \frac{1}{x^2} dx \approx \frac{1}{12}\left[1 + 4\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2 + 2\left(\frac{4}{6}\right)^2 + 4\left(\frac{4}{7}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{4}\right] \approx 0.5004$

11. Trapezoidal: $\int_0^2 \sqrt{1+x^3} dx \approx \frac{1}{4}\left[1 + 2\sqrt{1+(1/8)} + 2\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{1+(27/8)} + 3\right] \approx 3.283$

Simpson's: $\int_0^2 \sqrt{1+x^3} dx \approx \frac{1}{6}\left[1 + 4\sqrt{1+(1/8)} + 2\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{1+(27/8)} + 3\right] \approx 3.240$

Graphing utility: 3.241

39. (a) Trapezoidal: Area $\approx \frac{160}{2(8)}[0 + 2(50) + 2(54) + 2(82) + 2(82) + 2(73) + 2(75) + 2(80) + 0] = 9920$ sq ft

(b) Simpson's: Area $\approx \frac{160}{3(8)}[0 + 4(50) + 2(54) + 4(82) + 2(82) + 4(73) + 2(75) + 4(80) + 0] = 10,413\frac{1}{3}$ sq ft

40. Trapezoidal:

$$\int_0^2 f(x) dx \approx \frac{2}{2(8)}[4.32 + 2(4.36) + 2(4.58) + 2(5.79) + 2(6.14) + 2(7.25) + 2(7.64) + 2(8.08) + 8.14] \approx 12.518$$

Simpson's:

$$\int_0^2 f(x) dx \approx \frac{2}{3(8)}[4.32 + 4(4.36) + 2(4.58) + 4(5.79) + 2(6.14) + 4(7.25) + 2(7.64) + 4(8.08) + 8.14] \approx 12.592$$

41. Area $\approx \frac{1000}{2(10)}[125 + 2(125) + 2(120) + 2(112) + 2(90) + 2(90) + 2(95) + 2(88) + 2(75) + 2(35)] = 89,250$ sq m